

Solid wire, high-alloyed, austenitic stainless, special applications

Classifications

EN ISO 14343-A AWS A5.9 / SFA-5.9
G 23 12 | FB309|

Characteristics and typical fields of application

GMAW solid wire of type 309L / 23 12 L for welding dissimilar joints. Well suited for depositing intermediate layers when welding cladded materials. The average ferrite content is >10 FN (> 16 FN on request).

Suitable for service temperatures between -80°C and 300°C.

Base materials

Dissimilar Joints of and between high-strength, mild steels and low-alloyed QT-steels, stainless, ferritic Cr and austenitic Cr-Ni-steels, high manganese steels

Surfacing: for the first layer of corrosion resistant weld surfacing on ferritic-perlitic steels in boiler and pressure vessel parts up to fine-grained steel S500N, as well as of high temperature steels.

Typical analysis

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	C	Si	Mn	Cr	Ni	
wt%	≤ 0.02	0.5	1.7	24.0	13.2	

Mechanical properties of all-weld metal - typical values (min. values)

Condition	Yield strength R _{p0.2}	Tensile strength R _m	Elongation A (L ₀ =5d ₀)	Impact energy ISO-V KV J	
	MPa	MPa	%	20°C	-80°C
u	420 (≥ 320)	570 (≥ 510)	32 (≥ 25)	90 (≥ 47)	(≥ 32)

u untreated, as-welded - shielding gas Ar + 2.5% CO.

Operating data



Polarity	DC+	Dimension mm
Shielding gas	M12	0.9
(EN ISO 14175)	M13	1.0
		1.2
		1.6

Post-weld heat treatment generally not needed. For constructions that include low-alloyed steels in mixed joints, a stress-relieving annealing stage may be advisable. However, this type of alloy may be susceptible to embrittlement-inducing precipitation in the temperature range $550 - 950^{\circ}$ C. Always consult the supplier of the parent metal or seek other expert advice to ensure that the correct heat treatment process is carried out. Heat input max. 2.0 kJ/mm, interpass temperature max. 150° C. Shielding qas: Ar + 8 - 10% CO2. Ar + 2 - 3% CO2. Ar + 1 - 2% O2

Approvals

TÜV (19604), DB (43.132.77), CE